Current Population Survey (CPS) & Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)

Matthew Marlay
Journey-to-Work and Migration Statistics Branch
Social, Economic, and Housing Statistics Division
U.S. Census Bureau



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Current Population Survey (CPS): Background

- 1930s The Great Depression
 - No data to gauge severity
 - Needed to track trends and assess policy
- Early 1940s: Monthly National Labor Force Survey initiated jointly with the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) and Census Bureau
- Foundation for the CPS, still run jointly with the Census Bureau and BLS



Current Population Survey (CPS):Design

- General web page: <u>www.census.gov/cps</u>
- National, cross-sectional, monthly survey
 - Sample consists of 50,000+ households
 - Universe: Civilian, noninstitutionalized population
 - Excludes people in the military and those in jail, hospitals, etc.
- Consists of two parts:
 - Basic interview
 - Supplements
- Basic interview
 - Poverty and labor force characteristics
 - Source of the official statistics on (un)employment



Current Population Survey (CPS):Supplements

- Most topics asked annually
- Others asked less frequently
- Survey usually includes one supplement per month
- Examples:
 - Fertility
 - Tobacco use
 - Voter participation
 - School enrollment
 - Food security
 - Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC)

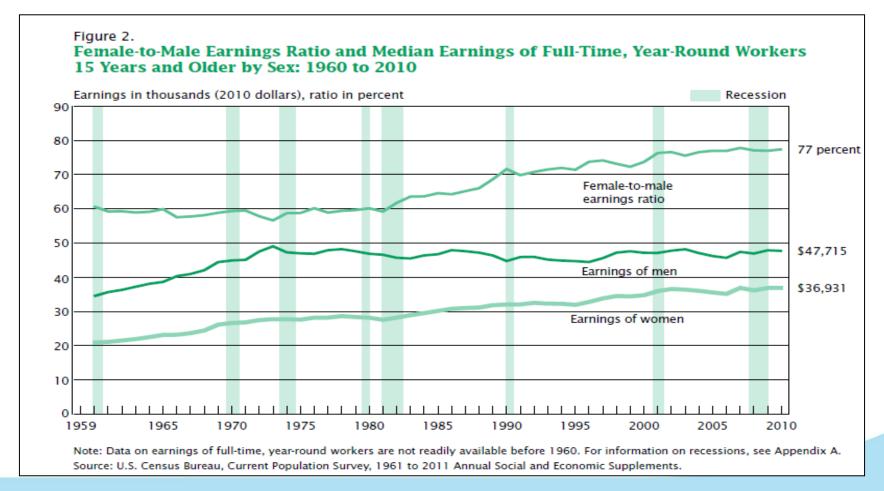


Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC)

- Provides supplemental data on:
 - Work experience
 - Income
 - Non-cash benefits
 - Migration
 - Education
 - Child support
- Takes place annually in the spring
 - Formerly called the March Supplement
- Provides national poverty and health insurance estimates



Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance in the United States: 2010 (P60-239) Issued September 2011

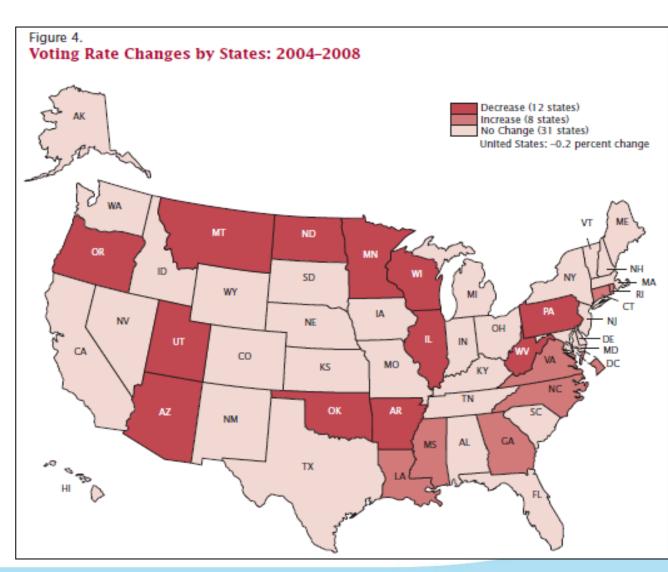




CPS Voting Supplement

Voting and
Registration in the
Election of
November 2008

(P20-562) Issued May 2010

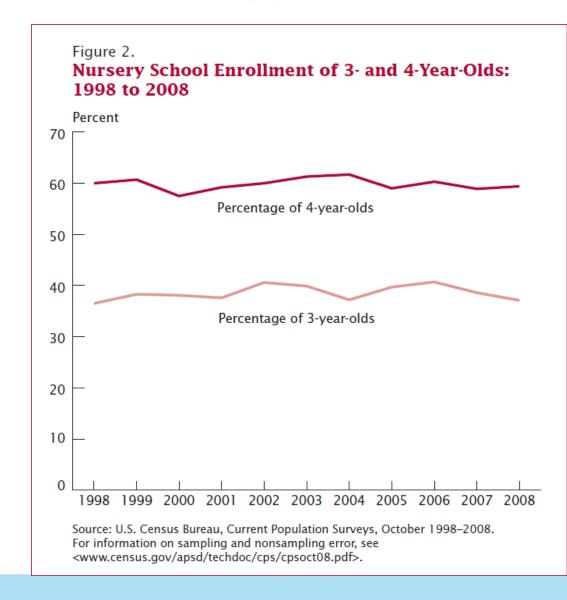




CPS School Enrollment Supplement

School Enrollment in the United States: 2008

(P20-564) Issued June 2011





Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP): Background

- Longitudinal survey that follows respondents over time
 - First panel started in 1984
 - Current panel started in 2008

- SIPP was designed to study:
 - Labor market dynamics
 - Social welfare program participation and dynamics
 - Aspects of family change



Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP): Design

- General web page: www.census.gov/sipp/
- National panel survey
 - Panels range from 2½ years to 4 years
 - 3 interviews a year
 - Current sample of 37,000 households
 - Universe: Civilian, noninstitutionalized population
 - Excludes people in the military and those in jail, hospitals, etc.
- Consists of two parts:
 - Core interview
 - Topical modules
- Core interview
 - Monthly data for 3-4 year periods
 - Covers work, income, assets, programs, health insurance



Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP): Topical Modules

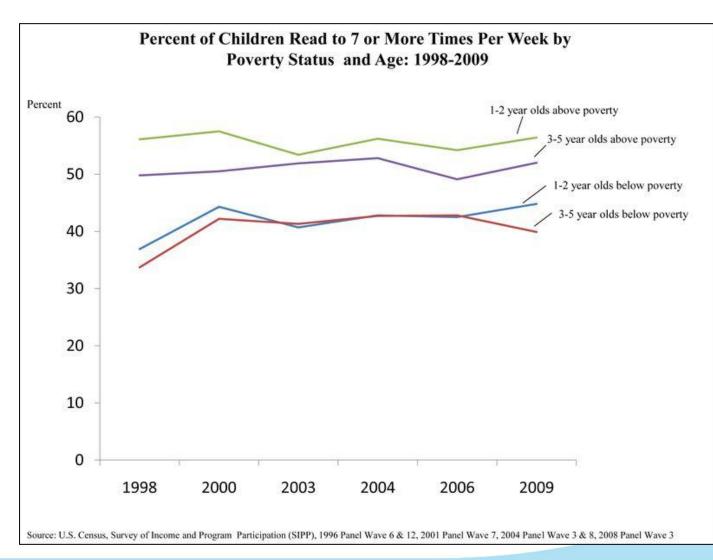
- Most topics asked once per panel
- Others asked annually
- Usually includes several topical modules per wave
- Examples:
 - Fertility history
 - Marital history
 - Migration history
 - Work schedule



SIPP Child Well-Being Topical Module

A Child's Day: 2009

Issued August 2011

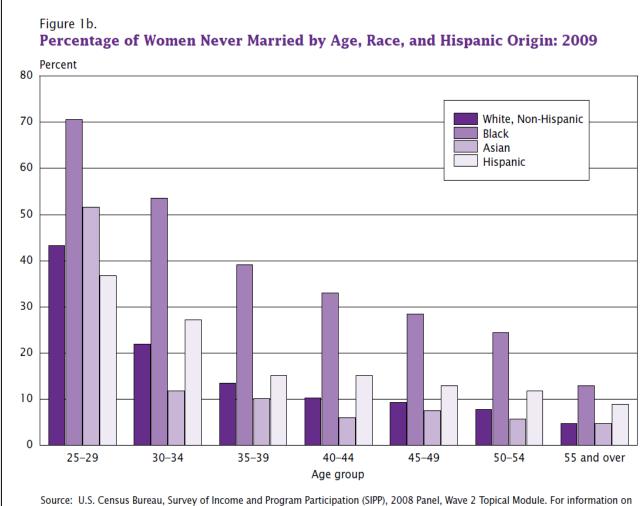




SIPP Marital History Topical Module

Number, Timing, and Duration of Marriages and Divorces: 2009

(P70-125)Issued May 2011



sampling and nonsampling error, see <www.census.gov/sipp/sourceac/S&A08_W1toW3(S&A-12).pdf>.



CPS vs. SIPP

- Current Population Survey (CPS)
 - Cross-sectional: continually refreshed sample
 - Historical comparisons
- Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)
 - Longitudinal: tracks same person over time
 - Detailed data on family and economic dynamics

Data from CPS and SIPP are confidential and protected by Title 13 of the United States Code.



CPS vs. SIPP Example

 Poverty rate is 14% for 2 consecutive years. What can CPS and SIPP tell us about this?

- CPS

- What are the characteristics of the population in poverty in each year?
- How does it compare historically?

-SIPP

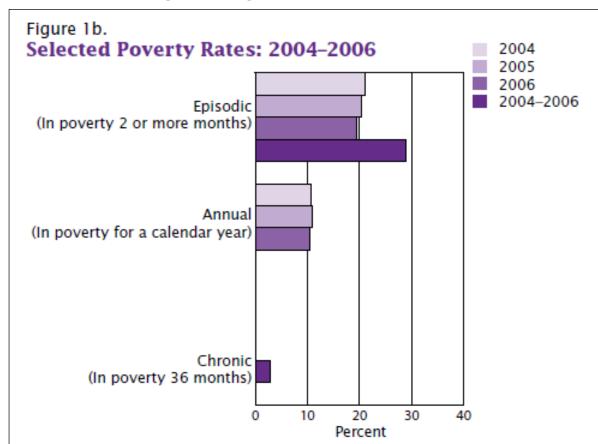
- Were the same people in poverty both years?
- How long were spells of poverty?
- Associated with change in jobs, family, education?



SIPP Poverty Report

Dynamics of Economic Well-Being: Poverty, 2004-2006

(P70-123) Issued March 2011



Note: Panel (2004 to 2006) and yearly estimates contain different samples. Calendar year estimates include people in the sample for 12 months whereas panel estimates include people in the sample for 36 months. The total number of respondents in each sample are as follows: 27,840 in the 3-year panel; 86,128 in 2004; 76,953 in 2005; and 34,372 in 2006. In wave 9 of the SIPP 2004 Panel there was a 53 percent sample reduction.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Income and Program Participation, 2004 Panel. For information on confidentiality protection and sampling and nonsampling error, see http://www.census.gov/sipp/source.html.



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